

Total No. of Questions : 6]

SEAT No. :

P2012

[4923]-402

[Total No. of Pages : 3

M.Sc.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

CHP - 411 : Surface Chemistry and Electrochemistry

(2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Use of logarithmic table / calculator is allowed.

Physico - Chemical Constants

1. Avogadro Number	$N = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
2. Boltzmann Constant	$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg K}^{-1} \text{ molecule}^{-1}$ $= 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ molecule}^{-1}$
3. Planck Constant	$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg s}$ $= 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
4. Electronic Charge	$e = 4.803 \times 10^{-10} \text{ esu}$ $= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
5. 1 eV	$= 23.06 \text{ k cal mol}^{-1}$ $= 1.602 \times 10^{-12} \text{ erg}$ $= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$ $= 8065.5 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
6. Gas Constant	$R = 8.314 \times 10^7 \text{ erg K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ $= 8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ $= 1.987 \text{ cal K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
7. Faraday Constant	$F = 96487 \text{ C equiv}^{-1}$
8. Speed of light	$c = 2.997 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm s}^{-1}$ $= 2.997 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
9. 1 cal	$= 4.184 \times 10^7 \text{ erg}$ $= 4.184 \text{ J}$
10. 1 amu	$= 1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
11. Bohr magneton	$\beta_e = -9.274 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J T}^{-1}$
12. Nuclear magneton	$\beta_n = 5.051 \times 10^{-27} \text{ J T}^{-1}$
13. Mass of an electron	$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$

P.T.O.

SECTION - I

Q1) Answer precisely the following: [10]

- a) Give the characteristics of a liquid monomolecular film.
- b) What is cmc? Give the structure of micellas.
- c) State two limitations of BET theory.
- d) What are 'ink-bottle' pores?
- e) Write Gibbs equation for adsorption and define the terms therein.

Q2) Answer any two of the following: [10]

- a) Describe the tracer method for verification of the Gibbs equation.
- b) Stating the assumptions, derive the Langmuir equation for adsorption.
- c) Derive the two dimensional ideal gas law for the film of adsorbed solute in dilute solutions.
- d) Discuss the Zsigmondy's theory for adsorption hysteresis.

Q3) Solve any one of the following: [5]

- a) A solid in contact with gas at 12kPa and 28°C adsorbs 2.5×10^{-3} g of the gas and obeys the langmuir isotherm. The enthalpy change when 1.0 mmol of the adsorbed gas is desorbed is +10.2J. What is the equilibrium pressure for the adsorption of 2.5mg of the gas at 40°C?
- b) The adsorption of butane vapour on 1.85g catalyst was studied at 0°C. The data when fitted in BET equation yielded a linear plot with the slope of $3.895 \times 10^{-2} \text{ ml}^{-1}$ and intercept of $1.85 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ml}^{-1}$. The area occupied per molecule of butane is 44.6 \AA^2 . Determine the specific surface area of the catalyst.

SECTION - II

Q4) Answer precisely the following: [10]

- Define true electrolyte and potential electrolyte.
- Write equation for heat of hydration of positive ion having co-ordination number four based on Bernal - Fowler model. Explain the terms involved in it.
- Define the term flux and enlist the names of three types of fluxes.
- Define the terms drift velocity and absolute mobility of ion.
- Write the equation for corrosion current and explain the terms involved in it.

Q5) Answer any two of the following: [10]

- Derive the Fick's first law for steady-state diffusion.
- Derive the D.H. equation for activity coefficient considering the ion size parameter 'a'.
- Write a note on any one fuel cell.
- Discuss the stern theory of electrical double layer.

Q6) Solve any one of the following: [5]

- If the Tafel constants a and b have values 0.64 and 0.123 respectively for reduction of hydrogen ion. Calculate the transfer coefficient ' α ' and exchange current density i_0 at 298K.
- Calculate the thickness of ionic atmosphere at 25°C in 0.05M solution of LiCl.

[Given: Dielectric constant of water = 78.54].

