Total N	o. of Questions : 8] SEAT No. :
P234	[Total No. of Pages : 3
	M.Sc.
	COMPUTER SCIENCE
	CS - 102 : Advanced Networking
	(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I)
Time:	3 Hours] [Max. Marks : 50
1) 2) 3)	tions to the candidates: Solve any 5 out of 8 questions. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to right indicate full marks.
Q1) A	ttempt all of the following:
a)	"Ethernet has imposed restrictions on both the minimum and maximum length of a frame. Comment on the above statement. [4]
b	By using playfair technique, convert the following plaintext message into cipher text. [4]
	Plain Text: YELLOW CHILLIES
	Key word: RESTAURANT
c	Explain what is transient cink in OSPF terminology? [2]
Q2) At	tempt all of the following:
a)	Write a note on fragmentation in IP datagram. Which fields are related to fragmentation is IPv4 datagram? [4]
b	What is the basic principle of DES? Explain key transformation and expansion permutation steps of DES in brief. [4]

What is biometric authentication?

c)

[2]

Q3) Attempt all of the following:

- a) Explain three primary steps involved in the working of kerberos protocol. [4]
- b) What is slow start algorithm that is used in TCP congestion control? How it is different from Internet congestion control algorithm? [4]
- c) Explain in brief buffer overflow attack on SSL. [2]

Q4) Attempt all of the following:

- a) How does firewall Performs Network Address Translation? [4]
- b) What is digital certificate? Explain the steps involved in the creation of digital certificate. [4]
- c) Explain how process server is helpful in initial connection protocol used in transport layer? [2]

Q5) Attempt all of the following:

- a) Describe the following characteristics of real time audio video communication. [4]
 - i) Ordering
 - ii) Multicasting
 - iii) Translation
 - iv) Mixing
- b) Given the two prime numbers P = 7, Q = 17. Find out N, E & D in an RSA encryption process.[4]
- c) What is strict source route option in an options part of IP datagram.[2]

Q6) Attempt all of the following:

- a) Explain key principles of security. [4]
- b) Consider the routing table for router R₁. [4]

Routing table for R₁

Mask	Network addr.	Next hop	interface
/28	140.6.12.240	-	M_2
/25	140.6.12.128	-	M _o
/24	201.8.32.0	-	M_3
/16	201.8.0.0	-	M_1
Default	Default	140.6.12.244	M_2

- i) Show the forwarding process if a packet arrives at R₁ with destination address 201.8.30.4.
- ii) Show the forwarding process if a packet arrives at R₁ with destination address 20.54.28.75.
- c) What is shared secret authentication? [2]

Q7) Attempt all of the following:

- a) Explain the significance of link state update packet. Why it is called as heart of OSPF operation? [5]
- b) Write a note on key management in IPsec. [5]

Q8) Attempt all of the following:

- a) Explain the concept of electronic money. What is the classification of it based on involvement of bank in the transaction? [5]
- b) No matter how the client and server are programmed, there are always situations where transport layer fails to recover properly. Explain. [5]

