

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P1242

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5121]-41
M.A./M.Sc.
MATHEMATICS
MT - 801 : Field Theory
(2008 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any five questions of the following.*
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

- Q1)** a) Let $p(x)$ be an irreducible polynomial in $F[x]$ and 'u' be a root of $f(x)$ in an extension E of F . Then prove that $F(u)$, the subfield of E generated by F and u is the set
 $\{b_0 + b_1 u + \dots + b_m u^m \mid b_0, b_1, \dots, b_m \in F\}$
Further show that if degree of $p(x)$ is 'n' then $\{1, u, \dots, u^{n-1}\}$ forms a basis of $F(u)$ over F . **[8]**
- b) Define normal extension and illustrate it by an example. **[5]**
- c) Is $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}_2[x]$ irreducible over \mathbb{Z}_2 . **[3]**
- Q2)** a) If K is a splitting field of $f(x) \in F[x]$ over F then show that K is an algebraic extension of F . **[8]**
- b) If $p(x) = x^2 - x - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}_3[x]$, then show that there exist an extension K to \mathbb{Z}_3 with nine elements having all roots of $p(x)$. **[8]**
- Q3)** a) Show that doubling the cube and squaring the circle are impossible by using ruler and compass. **[8]**
- b) Determine the minimal polynomial over \mathbb{Q} for the element $\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}}$. **[5]**
- c) Construct a field with 4-elements. **[3]**
- Q4)** a) If E is a Galois extension of F and K is any subfield of E containing F then with usual notation prove that $K = E_{G(E/K)}$. **[8]**
- b) Let E be an extension of a field F . Define the group of F -automorphisms of E with an example. **[5]**
- c) Examine whether the polynomial $x^4 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Q}(x)$ is a separable polynomial. **[3]**

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- Q5)** a) If K is a field of characteristic $p \neq 0$ and if K is a perfect field then show that $K^p = K$. [8]
- b) If $[F(\alpha) : F]$ is odd then prove that $F(\alpha) = F(\alpha^2)$. [4]
- c) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$ and $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ are algebraic over \mathbb{Q} . [4]
- Q6)** a) Determine the splitting field and its degree over \mathbb{Q} for the polynomial $f(x) = x^4 - 2$. [8]
- b) Let E be the splitting field of $x^n - a \in F[x]$, then prove that $G(E/F)$ is solvable group. [8]
- Q7)** a) Show that the group $G = G(\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{2})/\mathbb{Q})$ of \mathbb{Q} -automorphisms of $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{2})$ is trivial. [8]
- b) State the fundamental theorem of Galois theory. [4]
- c) Let $F = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$ and $E = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{2})$. Show that E is a normal extension of F and F is a normal extension of \mathbb{Q} but E is not a normal extension of \mathbb{Q} . [4]
- Q8)** a) Show that a finite field F of p^n elements has exactly one subfield with p^m elements for each divisor m of n . [6]
- b) Determine Galois group of $f(x) = x^3 - x + 1 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ over \mathbb{Q} . [5]
- c) Show that $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3}) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$. [5]

