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## F.Y. B.Sc. (Computer Science) EXAMINATION, 2017

## **ELECTRONICS**

## Paper-II

(ELC-102 : Principles of Digital Electronics)

## (2013 **PATTERN**)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- **N.B.** :— (i) All questions are compulsory.
  - (ii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherver necessary.
  - (iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **1.** Attempt *all* of the following:

 $[8 \times 2 = 16]$ 

- (a) Give the radix of binary and hexadecimal number system.
- (b) Simplify y = ABC + AB using rules of Boolean algebra.
- (c) Find one's complement of  $(9D)_{16}$ .
- (d) How many control lines are required for 256: 1 multiplexer?
- (e) What do you mean by modulus of a counter ?
- (f) Write the truth table of tristate inverter.
- (g) Draw the logic symbol for positive edge triggered D-Flip-Flop and negative level triggered RS-Flip-Flop.
- (h) Distinguish between decoder and demultiplexer.

P.T.O.

**2.** Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$ 

- (a) With neat logic diagram explain the working of parity generator.
- (b) Construct all basic gates using NOR gates.
- (c) With neat logic diagram explain the working of full subtractor.
- (d) Perform the following:
  - (i)  $(110111)_2 \equiv (?)_{Gray}$
  - (ii)  $(875)_{10} \equiv (?)_{16}$
- (e) Convert the given SOP into standard form

$$y = A\overline{B} + \overline{C}$$

(f) Subtract the following using 2's complement method.

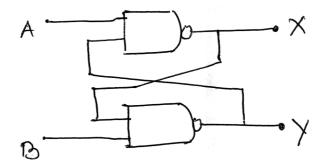
$$(10001)_2 - (11100)_2$$

Comment on the result.

**3.** Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$ 

- (a) Draw logic diagram for decimal to BCD converter. Write the truth table for the same.
- (b) Explain the working of the following circuit.



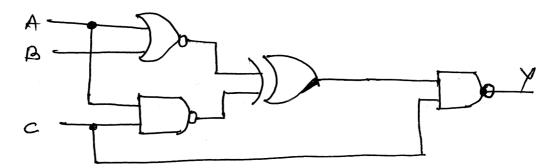
(c) Explain the working of CMOS inverter with neat diagram.

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- (d) With neat diagram explain working of 3-bit left shift serial in serial out shift register.
- (e) Explain the working of common cathode 7-segment display. Display 1 and 5 decimal numbers using common cathode 7-segment display.
- (f) Define the following parameters:
  - (i) Power Dissipation
  - (ii) Noise Margin
  - (iii) Switching Speed
  - (iv) Fan out.
- **4.** Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$ 

- (a) Draw logic diagram of EX-OR gate and explain its working.
- (b) Write the truth table for the given circuit.



- (c) Explain block diagram of ALU.
- (d) Explain working of 4:1 multiplexer using NAND-NAND logic.
- (e) Explain working of 3-bit asynchronous down counter.
- (f) Show how IC 7490 can be connected for the following operation:
  - (i) MOD 7
  - (ii) MOD 3.

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- **5.** Attempt any two of the following:  $[2\times8=16]$ 
  - (A) (a) Convert the following:
    - (i)  $(1101111)_2 \equiv (?)_{16}$
    - (ii)  $(527)_{10} \equiv (?)_{\text{Excess-3}}$
    - (b) Simplify the Boolean expression using K-maps :  $y = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + AB\overline{C} + A\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{A}BC + ABC$  Draw simplified diagram.
  - (B) (a) Explain the working of 2 bit digital comparator.
    - (b) Implement the following logic using multiplexer :  $y = A\bar{B}C\bar{D} + ABCD + AB\bar{C}\bar{D} + ABC\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}\bar{D} + A\bar{B}\bar{C}D$
  - (C) (a) Explain working of 3×4 matrix keyboard encoder.
    - (b) What is race around condition? Which Flip-Flop exhibits this condition? How can race around condition be eliminated?

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