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SEAT No. :

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P1602**[5058]-19****T.E. (Mech./Auto.)****MECHANICAL****Metrology & Quality Control
(2008 Pattern) (Semester - II)****Time : 3 Hours]****[Max. Marks : 100****Instructions to the candidates:**

- 1) Answer 3 questions from Section - I and 3 questions from Section - II.
- 2) Answers to the sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 6) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.

SECTION - I

- Q1) a)** Describe the following term: **[8]**
- i) Line standard and End standard
 - ii) Accuracy and precision
- b) Define straightness and flatness. Explain with neat sketch method of checking straightness of straight edge by wedge method. **[8]**

OR

- Q2) a)** Explain following terms **[8]**
- i) Sine bar and sine center.
 - ii) Angle Dekkor
- b) Explain Solax pneumatic comparator with neat sketch. **[8]**
- Q3) a)** What is interferometer. Explain Interferometry applied to flatness testing. **[8]**
- b) What is Taylor's principle? Determine the dimensions and tolerances of shaft and hole having size of 25H8 h7 fit. **[10]**
- (IT7 = 16i, IT8 = 25i, D is in a step 18-30 mm)

OR**P.T.O.**

Q4) a) Design a workshop gauge for Go and NOGO gauge suitable for 25 H8.
(IT8 = 25i, D is in a step 18-30 mm) [10]

b) Write short notes on: [8]

i) Tomlinson's surface meter

ii) Gear tooth vernier caliper

Q5) a) Derive the relation for width W and depth H by constant chord method.
Calculate chord length and its distance below tooth tip for a gear of module 4 mm and pressure angle 20 degree. [8]

b) Derive an expression for best wire size for measuring effective diameter.
Calculate diameter of best size of wire for M25 × 2.5 screw. [8]

OR

Q6) Write Short notes on : [16]

a) Recent trends in metrology.

b) Co-ordinate measuring machine.

c) Pitch errors in screw threads.

d) Lasers in metrology.

SECTION - II

Q7) a) Difference between: [8]

i) Quality Policy and Quality Assurance.

ii) Quality of conformance and Quality of performance.

b) Explain the concept of Juran's Trilogy approach. [8]

OR

Q8) a) Explain the Pareto Analysis and Cause and Effect diagram. [8]

b) Explain DR. Edward Deming's PDCA and PDSA cycle for quality control. [8]

Q9) a) Explain the Quality circle and JIT concept. [8]

b) Write short notes [8]

i) ISO 9000

ii) Five 'S'

OR

Q10) Write Short notes on

[16]

- a) Kanban
- b) FMECA
- c) DMAIC
- d) Process capability

Q11)a) Comparison between variable chart and attribute chart.

[8]

b) Draw and explain OC curve.

[4]

c) Calculate sample size and AOQ for single sampling plan using following data **[6]**

- i) Probability of acceptance of 0.6% defective in a lot is 0.525
- ii) Lot size = 10,000 units
- iii) Acceptance number = 1
- iv) $nP' = 1.5$
- v) Defectives found in the sample are not to be replaced

OR
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Q12)a) Differentiate between single, double, multiple sampling plan.

[8]

b) A component with specification limits 50 ± 0.1 was inspected the components were taken sub group of 5 items 10 such sub groups were checked the X & R values were noted as follows **[10]**

Subgroup	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
X(mean)	44	43	41.8	43.4	44	43.8	43.8	45	40.8	43
R	10	7	3	5	4	12	2	5	4	9

Establish the central limits for limits for X(mean) and R charts. Draw the chart & check whether the product will meet the specifications or not, (Take $A_2 = 0.577$, $D_3 = 0$, $D_4 = 2.115$).

