

UNIVERSITY OF PUNE
[4364]-796
B. E. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY) Examination 2013
COMPILER DESIGN
(2008 Pattern)

[Total No. of Questions:12]
[Time : 3 Hours]

[Total No. of Printed pages :3]
[Max. Marks : 100]

Instructions :

- (1) Answer three questions from each section.
- (2) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books
- (3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION-1

- Q1) a) Explain the Role of Lexical Analyzer, Explain interaction between Lexical Analyzer and Parser, Define Lexeme, Token and Pattern with suitable example. [8]
- b) Define passes and phases of Compiler. Explain different phases of Compiler in detail. [10]

OR

- Q2) a) Explain the following terms [6]
- i) Cross Compiler
 - ii) Bootstrapping
 - iii) Incremental Compiler
- b) Explain the role of Regular expression and DFA in Lexical Analyzer. [6]
- c) Differentiate between Compiler and Interpreter. [6]
- Q3) a) Discuss the term 'Ambiguity of Grammar'. Consider following grammar. $S \rightarrow S + S \mid S * S \mid a \mid b$ [10]
- Determine whether the grammar is ambiguous? If yes, show resultant parse trees for one example string.
- b) Which are the conflicts may encounter during LR parsing? Explain with example. [6]

OR

Q4) a) Show that following grammar is LR (1) but not LALR. [8]

$S \rightarrow Aa \mid bAc \mid Bc \mid bBa$

$A \rightarrow d$

$B \rightarrow d$

b) Explain the following terms with suitable examples. [8]

i) Left Recursion ii) Left Factoring

Q5) a) Explain the following terms with suitable examples. [8]

i) S-attributed Grammar ii) L-attributed Grammar

iii) Type Expression iv) Abstract Syntax Tree

b) Suppose declarations are generated for Pascal Language by following grammar: [8]

$D \rightarrow id \ L$

$L \rightarrow , id \ L \mid : T$

$T \rightarrow int \mid real$

Construct a translation scheme to enter the type of each identifier into the symbol table

OR

Q6) Consider the following attributed grammar: [16]

Grammar Rule	Semantic Rule
$S \rightarrow XYZ$	$Y.s = S.s$
	$X.s = Y.i + Z.i$
	$S.i = X.i$
$X \rightarrow x$	$X.i = 3 * X.s$
$Y \rightarrow y$	$Y.i = Y.s$
$Z \rightarrow z$	$Z.i = 1$

i) Draw Parse tree for string "xyz".

ii) Draw annotated parse tree.

iii) Draw dependency graph for associating attributes and describe correct order of evaluation.

iv) If $S.s = 4$ before evaluation, what is $S.i$ after evaluation?

SECTION –II

Q7)a)What is activation record? Explain its components with an example. [10]

b)Explain procedure call with an example. [6]

OR

Q8)a) Discuss Display Mechanism used by the Pascal compiler to handle access to non-local names with adequate illustration. [10]

b)Compare Static Scope and Dynamic Scope. Illustrate with suitable examples. [6]

Q9)a) Generate quadruple, triple and indirect triple representation for following $a = -u * v / w^x + y * z$ [6]

b) Explain following code optimization techniques with example: [8]

i) Common subexpression Elimination

ii)Code Movement

iii) Strength Reduction

iv) Dead Code Elimination

c) Define the following terms with example [4]

i) Live Variable www.sppuonline.com

ii) Available expression

OR

Q10) a) For the following fragment of code, generate three address code, [12]

AST and DAG. $\text{do } \{ p = p + x[i] / y[i];$
 $\quad \quad \quad \} \text{ while } (i > 100);$

b) Explain the following terms with respect of simple code generation algorithm: [6]

i)Register Descriptor

ii)Address Descriptor

Q11)a)Is there any difference between Class-based languages and object-based languages? If yes, justify the answer. [6]

b) How can overloading and overriding of functions in object oriented programming languages handle by Compiler? Explain in detail. [10]

OR

Q12) a) Explain different types of inheritance with example. [8]

b) Discuss the features of OOP language and its benefits. [8]