

Total No. of Questions—12]

[Total No. of Printed Pages—4+2

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[4757]-194**S.E. (Information Technology) (First Semester)****EXAMINATION, 2015****FUNDAMENTAL OF DATA STRUCTURES****(2008 PATTERN)****Time : Three Hours****Maximum Marks : 100**

- N.B.** :— (i) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.
- (ii) Answer any *three* questions from each Section.
- (iii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- (iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION I

1. (a) What is structure in C ? Give its applications. [4]
- (b) Compare macro and function. [4]
- (c) Write C program to swap two nos. using call by reference. [8]

Or

2. (a) Write a C program to print binary equivalent of a decimal number. [6]
- (b) Explain various operators in 'C'. [4]

P.T.O.

(c) Select the choice for the correct answer and write that choice : [3×2=6]

(i)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define x 20
main( )
{
    int x=50;
    printf("%d\n", x);
}
```

The above code snippet will print :

- (1) 20
- (2) 50
- (3) Compile error
- (4) None of the above

(ii)

```
int main(void)
{
    int x=10;
    if (! x)
        printf("Hello\n");
    else
    {
        x=0
        printf("Bye\n")
    }
    return 0;
}
```

The above code snippet will print :

- (1) Bye
- (2) Hello
- (3) Hello (infinitely)
- (4) Bye (infinitely)

3. (a) Write a C program to find transpose of a matrix. [6]
- (b) Write a C program to perform multiplication of two 4 by 4 matrices using function. [6]
- (c) Describe the following declarations : [4]
- (i) `int *p[10];`
 - (ii) `float (*p) (int no);`
 - (iii) `int (*q) [5];`
 - (iv) `char s[10][20][50];`

Or

4. (a) Write a C program to find HCF and LCM of two nos. [8]
- (b) What is recursion ? Explain with example. [4]
- (c) Write a C program to find length of a string without using library functions. [4]
5. (a) What is an abstract data type ? Explain with an example. [4]

- (b) Determine the frequency counts for all the statements in the following program segment : [6]

```

add(a, b, c, m, n)
{
    for i:=1 to m do
    for j:=1 to n do
    c[i][j]:=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
}

```

- (c) What do you mean by frequency count of a statement ? Explain its importance in analysis of algorithm with suitable examples. [8]

Or

6. (a) Explain Big Oh, Omega and Theta notations used to analyze time complexity. [6]
- (b) Write a non-recursive C function to generate Fibonacci series. [4]
- (c) Write an algorithm to find smallest element in an array of integers and analyze its time complexity. [8]

SECTION II

7. (a) Explain similarities and differences between bubble and selection sort. Justify why selection sort is more efficient. [8]
- (b) Write C program for selection sort. Analyze its time complexity. Show output after each pass for the following list : [10]

50, 15, 70, 18, 14, 30, 13, 10, 21, -15.

Or

8. (a) Write a C program for Merge sort and explain it using example. [8]
- (b) Consider the following numbers. Sort them using “bubble sort”. Comment on time and space complexity in best, average and worst cases. Show output after each pass : [10]
- 45, 33, 6, 55, 3, 0, -4, 30.
9. (a) Write a C program for Fast and Simple Transpose. [10]
- (b) Represent the following polynomials using arrays : [6]
- (i) $x^5 - 5x^3y^2 + 2y - x$
- (ii) $2x^5 + 21x^4y^2 - 30x^2y^2 + 10x$
- (iii) $-3x^5y^7 + 7y^3 - 2$.

Or

10. (a) Write a C program for performing the following string operations without using library functions : [8]
- (i) Reverse of a string
- (ii) Palindrome of two strings.
- (b) Write a C program for addition of two polynomials where polynomials are represented using array. [8]
11. (a) Write recursive functions for the following operations on SLL : [8]
- (i) Display reverse
- (ii) Count no. of nodes.
- (b) Write a C program to create doubly link list. [6]
- (c) Write applications of linked lists. [2]

Or

12. (a) Write a C program to add two decreasing ordered polynomials with positive exponents, represented using circular SLL with header node exponent field is set to -1 . [8]
- (b) Compare sequential data organization with linked organization. [6]
- (c) Why linked organization is preferred over sequential organization in list manipulation ? [2]

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