Total No. of Questions—8]

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Seat	
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S.E. (Electrical) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2016 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION (2012 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- **N.B.** :— (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Use of logarithmic table, slide rule, Mollier chart, electronic pocket calculator and steam table is allowed.
 - (iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- **1.** (a) Which three forces are required for satisfactory operation of analog indicating instruments? State the function of each force.
 - (b) With a circuit diagram derive the equation for an unknown self inductance measurement using Maxwell's inductance-capacitance bridge. [6]

Or

- **2.** (a) Explain the terms related to instrument transformers-transformation ratio, nominal ratio, Burden. [6]
 - (b) A Maxwell's inductance capacitance bridge is used to measure an unknown inductance in comparison with capacitance. The various values at balance are R_2 = 400 ohm, R_3 = 600 ohm, R_4 = 1000 ohm, R_4 = 0.5 microfarad.

Calculate the values of R_1 and L_1 . Also calculate the storage factor of coil if frequency is 100 Hz. [6]

P.T.O.

- 3. (a) State and explain errors in dynamometer type wattmeter. [6]
 - (b) The constant for a three phase, 3 element integrating wattmeter is 0.12 revolution of disc per kWh. If the meter is normally used with a potential transformer of ratio 22,000/110 V and a current transformer of ratio 500/5A. Find the error expressed as a percentage of the correct reading from the following test figures for the instrument only: Line Voltage = 100 V, current = 5.25 A, power factor = 1 Time to complete 40 revolutions = 61s.

Or

- 4. (a) A 230 volt, 50 Hz, single phase energy meter has a constant of 200 revolutions per kWh. While supplying a non inductive load of 4.4 A at normal voltage, the meter takes 3 minutes for 10 revolutions. Calculate the percentage error of the meter.
 - (b) With circuit diagram and phasor diagram explain one wattmeter method for measurement of reactive power in (R + L) load.
- **5.** (a) Explain capacitance pressure transducer with a neat diagram. Write a advantages and disadvantages of capacitive pressure transducer. [6]
 - (b) Explain measurement of voltage, current, phase angle, frequency using CRO. [7]

Or

- **6.** (a) Explain the following terms associated with CRO: [6]
 - (i) Volts/division
 - (ii) X10
 - (iii) Invert.

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- (b) Explain measurement of pressure using Mcleod gauge. [7]
- 7. (a) Draw and explain ultrasonic flow meter method for level measurement. [6]
 - (b) Define strain. Explain the working principle of an electrical strain gauge. [7]

Or

- **8.** (a) Explain hydraulic method for measurement of level. [6]
 - (b) Explain construction and working of LVDT with neat diagram.

[7]

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