Total No. of Questions :12] SEAT No.: P1667 [Total No. of Pages :5 [5058] - 155 T.E. (Computer Engg.) THEORY OF COMPUTATION (2008 Pattern) (Semester - I) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:100 Instructions to the candidates: 1) Attempt Q.1 or 2, Q.3 or 4, Q.5 or 6, Q.7 or 8, Q.9 or 10, Q.11 or 12. 2) Answer to the two sections should be written is separate books. 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary. **SECTION - I Q1)** a) Design a DFA accepting language. [8] $L = \{w \mid w \text{ is of the form } x01 \text{ y for some strings } x \text{ and y consisting of } 0\text{'s} \}$ and 1's only} Design a Mealy machine that accepts strings endings with '00' and '11'.[8] b) Define following terms with example. c) [2] i) Symbol Alphabet ii) OR Define following terms with examples. **Q2)** a) [8] i) **DFA** ii) NFA

P.T.O.

iii) Moore Machine

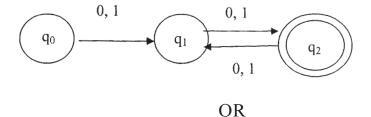
iv) Mealy Machine

b) Consider the following NFA with ∈ transitions. Convert this NFA to DFA. [8]

	€	a	b	С
p	ı	p	q	r
q	P	q	r	ı
r	P	r	-	p

c) Prove that
$$(a + b)^* = (a + b)^* \cdot (a + b)^*$$
 [2]

- **Q3)** a) Find Regular Expressions for the given sets: [8]
 - i) The set of all strings over {a, b} which end in ab.
 - ii) The set of all strings over {a, b} which start with ab and end with ba.
 - iii) The set of all strings over $\{0, 1\}$ which contains 100 as substring.
 - iv) If $L(r) = \{a, c, ab, cb, abb, cbb, abbb,.....\}$ what is r?
 - b) Consider the following transition diagram and convert it to its equivalent regular expression. [8]



Q4) a) Construct a DFA for the given Regular Expression. [8] $(11+0)^* (00+1)^*$

- b) Write a short note on Applications of Regular Expressions. [4]
- c) For the following regular expression, draw an FA recognizing the corresponding language. r = (1 + 10)*0 [4]

Q5)	a)	Describe the language generated by grammars.				
		$S \rightarrow aA/bC/b$				
		$A \rightarrow aS/bB$				
		$B \rightarrow aC/bA/a$				
		$C \rightarrow aB / bS$				
		ii) $S \rightarrow bS/aA/\in$				
		$A \rightarrow aA/bB/b$				
		$B \rightarrow bS$				
b)	b)	What do you mean by ambiguous grammar?	[8]			
		Let G be a grammar:				
	$S \rightarrow aB bA$					
		$A \rightarrow a \mid aS \mid bAA$				
		$B \rightarrow b \mid bS \mid aBB$				
		For the string "aaabbabbba" find:				
	Leftmost and Rightmost derivations.					
		Also draw derivation trees.				
		OR				
Q6)	a)	Find Right Linear Grammar for given Left Linear Grammar.	[8]			
		$S \rightarrow B1 \mid A0 \mid C0$				
		$A \rightarrow C0 \mid A1 \mid B1 \mid 0$				
		$A \rightarrow B1 1$				
		$C \rightarrow A0$				
	b)	Consider the grammar G with productions. Find an equivalent grammin CNF.	nar [8]			
		$S \rightarrow aB/bA$				
		$A \rightarrow a/aS/bAA$				
		$B \rightarrow b/bS/aBB$				
[5058	8] - [155 3				

SECTION - II

Q7) a)	Define following:				
	i)	ID of PDA.			
	ii)	PDA by empty stack.			
	iii)	DPDA V/S NPDA.			
	iv)	Two stack PDA with diagram.			
	v)	PDA by final state.			
b)		sign a PDA to accept the language $S + S * S$. Simulate the work ve PDA for String. $4 + 4*4$.	ing of [8]		
		OR			
Q8) a)	Des	sign a PDA to check the well formedness of paranthesis.	[6]		
b)	Cor	nstruct PDA by null store for following grammar G.	[6]		
	S –	→ CS1/A			
	A -	$\rightarrow 1AC/S/\varepsilon$			
c)	Giv	re grammar for following PDA operations.	[6]		
	$\delta(a)$	$(q_0, o, Z) = (q_0, AZ)$			
	$\delta(q)$	$(q_0, 1, A) = (q_0, AA)$			
	$\delta(a)$	$(q_0, o, A) = (q_1, \varepsilon)$			
Q9) a)	Des	Design a TM to accept the string which ends in 'abb' where L(M)			
	$\{W$	$f \in \{a, b\}^* / W$ ends in abb $g \in \{a, b\}^* / W$ ends in abb	[8]		
b)	Def	Define following terms:			
	i)	Solvability.			
	ii)	Semisolvability.			
	iii)	Unsolvability.			
	iv)	Formal difinition of T.M.			
		OR			
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- **Q10)**a) Design a post machine for $\{a^n b^{2n} / n >, 0\}$
- [4]

b) Explain following:

[8]

- i) Programming techniques to TM.
- ii) Extension to T.M.
- c) Design a T.M. to accept the language $L(M) = \{a^n b^n / n \ge 1\}$ [4]
- **Q11)**a) Write short note on following:

[8]

- i) Post correspondence problem.
- ii) Universal Turing machine
- b) State the following:

[8]

- i) Reduction with example.
- ii) Totality problem with example.

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Q12)a) Write short note on following:

[8]

- i) Modified PCP problem.
- ii) Recursive and recursively Enumerable language.
- b) State the halting problem. Prove that halting problem of T.M. is undecidable with the help of example. [8]

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