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M.A./M.Sc. (Semester - III)

MATHEMATICS MT-701: Functional Analysis (2008 Pattern) Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80 Instructions to the candidates: Attempt any five questions. 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2) Show that quotient space of a Banach Space is a Banach Space. *Q1*) a) [6] Show that a normed linear space N is a Banach Space iff $\{x \in \mathbb{N}/||x|| = 1\}$ b) is complete. [5] Show that set of all continuous linear transformations from Banach Space c) to itself is a Banach Space. [5] State and prove Hahn-Banach theorem for Banach Spaces. **O2)** a) [6] Show that if M is a closed linear subspace of Normed linear space N and b) $x_0 \in \mathbb{N}, x_0 \notin \mathbb{M}$, then \exists a functional f_0 in \mathbb{N}^* . Such that f_0 (M) = 0 and $f_0(x_0) \neq 0$. [5] State and prove Open Mapping theorem for Banach spaces. [5] c) State and prove Banch-Steinhauss theorem for Banach spaces. *Q3*) a) [6] Show that closed convex subset C of a Hilbert space H contains a b) unique vector of smallest norm. [5] Show that for closed linear subspace M of the Hilbert space $M = M^{\perp \perp}$. [5] c)

- **Q4)** a) State and prove closed graph theorem for Banach spaces. [6]
 - b) Show that if M is a closed linear subspace of Hilbert space H, then $H = M \oplus M^{\perp}$. [5]
 - c) Show that every nonzero Hilbert space contains a complete orthonormal set. [5]
- **Q5)** a) Prove that product of self adjoint operators is self adjoint iff they commute. [6]
 - b) State and prove Bessels inequality for Hilbert spaces. [5]
 - c) Show that unitary operators on the Hilbert space forms group under composition. [5]
- **Q6)** a) Show that adjoint operator $T \rightarrow T^*$ on B(H) has following properties. [6]
 - i) $(T_1T_2)^* = T_2^*T_1^*$
 - ii) $||T^*|| = ||T||$
 - iii) $(T_1 + T_2)^* = T_1^* + T_2^*$
 - b) State and prove Schwarz inequality for vectors in Hilbert space. [5]
 - c) Show that an operator T on H is unitary iff it is an isometric isomorphism of H onto itself. [5]
- **Q7)** a) Show that if T is normal operator then each eigenspace Mi reduces T.[6]
 - b) State and prove spectral theorem for Hilbert spaces. [10]
- **Q8)** a) Show that an operator on Hilbert space is normal iff its real and imaginary part commutes. [6]
 - b) Show that if H is a Hilbert space and f is arbitrary functional on H*, then there exists a unique vector y in H such that f(x) = (x, y) for every x in H. [10]

