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LW - 318: ENVIRONMENTAL LAW - II

Prevention and Control of Pollution

(Semester - III) (New Course)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:60

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt Any Four Questions.
- 2) All Questions Carry Equal Marks i.e. 15 Marks each.
- *Q1)* Water Pollution is the biggest menace in India. The governmental lethargy and apathy of the public has contributed to increase the water pollution in India. At this backdrop discuss the provisions of The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and such other regulations applicable for the prevention of Water Pollution in India.
- Q2) Discuss the major Air Pollutants and sources or causes of Pollution.
- **Q3)** Apart from other types of visible forms of pollutions, recently attention has been focused on the second invisible type of pollution in the form of energy residuals such as thermal pollution and noise pollution.... Discuss the causes/ sources, effects and general measures to be taken to control the noise pollution.
- **Q4)** Explain the rules regarding the disposal and recycling of waste and various kinds of wastes.
- **Q5)** Trends in pollution are difficult to determine accurately, particularly on a world scale. Explain the concept of Environmental Pollution and discuss the causes of environment pollution.

- *Q6)* Write Short notes on:
 - a) Difficulties involved in public participation process.
 - b) Environmental audit-the emerging legal control.
- *Q7)* Absolute liability for the harm caused by industry engaged in hazardous and inherently dangerous activities is a newly formulated doctrine, free from the exceptions to the strict liability rule in England. The Indian rule was evolved in MC Mehta v. UoI, which was known as the Oleum Gas Leakage Case. Elaborate.

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