

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P1489

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(L.L.M)

**LW-203:LAW,SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION AND JUDICIAL
PROCESS IN INDIA-II
(Semester-II)**

Time :3Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any four questions.*
- 2) All questions carry equal marks i.e 15 marks each.*

- Q1)** The Indian Constitution has assigned a dynamic role to Indian Judiciary-Discuss.
- Q2)** Power of Judicial review is wide but with some limitations-Critically examine this statement.
- Q3)** Public Interest litigation is the reflection of judiciary's concern to liberalize the access to Justice to all- Comment
- Q4)** Elaborately explain the relationship between Law and Justice.
- Q5)** Dharma is wider and flexible concept prescribing rules of conduct-Discuss with reference to the importance of Dharma in India.
- Q6)** Judicial review is inevitable evil to preserve constitutional and democratic values- Present your views with reference to decided cases.
- Q7)** Discuss the scheme of the Indian Constitution to ensure coordination among three organs of the state. Explain with reference to decided cases.
- Q8)** Write short notes (Any two)
- a) Liberal Contractual tradition.
 - b) Obiter Dicta
 - c) Political Questions.

