

Total No. of Questions : 9]

SEAT No. :

P86

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5236]-22
L.L.B. (Semester - II)
First Year of Three Years Law Course
LAW
Constitutional Law
(2003 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Question No. 9 is compulsory attempt any five questions out of the remaining.*
- 2) *Question No. 9 carries 20 marks and all other questions carry 16 marks.*

Q1) “The preamble to the constitution sets out the aim and aspirations of the people of the India which have been translated into various provisions of the Indian constitution.” Elaborate.

Q2) “It had been held that the equality clause, embodied in Article 14 does not speak of mere formal Equality Before Law but embodies the concept of real and substantial Equality”. Comment.

Q3) In re Kerala education bill case, the Supreme Court has observed, “the rights conferred on the religious and linguistic minorities to administer educational institutions of their choice is not absolute” do you agree with this observation? Substantiate your opinion with appropriate illustrations and judicial decisions.

Q4) What are the various types of Jurisdictions of the Supreme Court of India?

Q5) Critically appreciate the nature of federal structure adopted by the Indian constitution, from the perspective of Administrative Relations between the Union and States.

P.T.O.

- Q6)** Explain, with the help of the appropriate judicial pronouncements, the liability of the government for torts committed by its servants.
- Q7)** Discuss the concept of eminent domain and its application under Indian Constitutional Law.
- Q8)** How the Constitution of India can be Amended? What are the implied limitations on the Parliament's Power to amend the Constitution?
- Q9)** Write Short notes on any two of the followings:
- a) Art. 21 and National Emergency.
 - b) Fundamental Duties.
 - c) Doctrine of Colourable Legislation.
 - d) Election Commission.

