Total No. of Questions : 4]

P814

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2]

[5315]-414 T.Y. B.Sc. PHYSICS

## PH - 342 : Quantum Mechanics (2013 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (Paper - II)

Time: 2 Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:-

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of calculator & Log-table is allowed.
- **Q1)** Attempt all of the following (one mark each)

[10]

- a) Write the formula for expectation value of momentum.
- b) Define raising and lowering operator.
- c) What is wave group?
- d) What is a free particle?
- e) Define degeneracy.
- f) Write the time-energy uncertainty relation.
- g) Define Hamiltonian operator.
- h) Write the Schrodinger's steady state equation.
- i) Represent infinite one dimensional potential well graphically.
- j) What is rigid rotator?
- **Q2)** Attempt any two of the following (5 marks each)

[10]

a) A ruby laser emits light of wavelength 693.4 nm. If this light is due to transition from n=2 to n=1 state of an electron in a one-dimensional box, find the width of the box

[Given :  $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J -sec}$ ;  $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{m/sec}$ ,  $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{kg}$ ]

*P.T.O.* 

- b) The moment of inertia of Hcl molecule is  $2.7 \times 10^{-40}$  gm-cm<sup>2</sup>. What would be the separation between l = 0 and l = 1 energy levels.
- c) Normalise the wave function

$$\psi(x) = Ae^{\frac{-x^2}{2a^2} + ikx}$$

Where A is normalisation constant. The range of x is from  $-\infty$  to  $+\infty$ .

- Q3) Attempt any two of the following (5 marks each) [10]
  - a) Show that the momentum operator  $-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$  is hermitian operator.
  - b) Discuss a thought experiment of  $\gamma$  ray microscope to illustrate uncertainty relation.
- **Q4)** a) Attempt any one of the following



- i) Using Schrodinger's steady state equation, obtain the energy eigen values and eigen functions for a particle in one-dimensional infinitely deep potential well.
- ii) Obtain equation of continuity and give its physical significance.
- b) Attempt any one of the following



- i) What is tunneling effect? Give any two applications of tunneling effect.
- ii) Calculate the de Broglie wavelength of an electron having momentum  $2.73 \times 10^{-23}$  kg-m/sec.

