Tota	l No	of Ou	ostion	og • 41			SEAT No. :			
Total No. of Questions : 4]							SEAT NO.:			
P90						[Total No. of Pages: 6				
				[5	315]-605					
				\mathbf{T}_{i}	.Y. B.Sc.					
			ST	ATISTICS (I	Principal)	((Paper - VI)			
				ST - 346 (A)	: Medica	1	Statistics			
				(200	8 Patterr	1))			
Time	e:21	Hours	1				[Max. Marks : 40			
Insti	ructio	ons to	the c	andidates:-						
	1)	All q	questi	ons are compulsor	ry.					
	<i>2)</i>	0		o the right indicate						
	3)									
	4)	Sym	DOIS (and abbreviations	nave ineir us	ии	at meaning.			
Q1)	Atte	empt e	each (of the following:						
	a)	In ea	he correct alternative: [1 each]							
		i)		logistic growth edletter:	quation is cal	le	ed sigmoidal because it is shaped			
			A)	V	B)		Z			
			C)	S	D)		σ			
	ii) The relative risk of an event is always									
			A)	Positive						
			B)	Zero						
			C)	Negative						
			D)	A number between	een zero and	01	one			
		iii)	Pharmacodynamics is							
			A)	Absorption of d	lrug in the bo	od	dy			

Distribution of drug in the body

What drug does to the body?

What body does with drug?

B)

C)

D)

P.T.O.

iv) In epidemiology, logit function of probability π is given by

- A) $\ln[(1-\pi)/\pi]$
- B) $\ln[\pi/(1-\pi)]$
- C) $ln[\pi(1-\pi)]$
- D) $\ln[\pi/(1+\pi)]$
- b) In each of the following cases, state whether the given statement is true or false: [1 each]
 - i) Correlation does not imply causation.
 - ii) Humans are used in preclinical trials.
- c) Define the following terms:

[1 each]

- i) $\pm 20\%$ role for assessment of bioequivalence
- ii) blinding
- d) i) State the role of FDA.

[1]

ii) Explain the term efficacy of drug.

[1]

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

[5 each]

- a) Explain Mc Nemar's test for testing the hypothesis for symmetry of 2×2 contingency table with help of an illustration.
- b) Explain in brief the discoveries in epidemiology made by the following:
 - i) William Harvey
 - ii) Florence Nightingale
- c) Derive the equation for sigmoidal growth

Q3) Attempt any two of the following:

[5 each]

- Suppose μ_c and μ_T denote the mean responses of two formulations control (C) and test (T) with unknown variance. Explain how you test H_0 : $\mu_T = \mu_C$ against H_1 : $\mu_T > \mu_C$. Assuming equal sample sizes for both the test groups, find the expression of sample size of each group to get power 1- β .
- b) Write a short note on 'Parallel design' used in clinical trails.
- c) A survival model is defined by the following values of P_x for a radix of 1,00,000:

Time Units (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Survival							
Probability (P _x)	0.95	0.90	0.80	0.50	0.30	0.10	0

Prepare life-table containing columns d_x, q_x, L_x, T_x, e_x.

Q4) Attempt any *one* of the following:

a) i) Explain in brief Phase IV study in clinical trails.

[5]

ii) Consider the following data on time and concentration for a hypothetical drug. Estimate C_{max} , T_{max} . Also calculate $AUC_{(0,12)}$ [5]

										(-)
Time	0.25	0.50	0.75	1	2	3	4	6	9	12
Concentration										
(microgram/ml)	15	12.5	10.5	9	5.9	4.5	3.6	2.4	1.3	0.7

b) i) Consider the following data on vision grades of two eyes of 7477 women factory workers. Grade 1 represent normal vision and Grade 4 is the weakest vision. Using Bowker test, test whether there is any relation between the grade of left eye and right eye. Use 5% level of significance.

Vision grades of eyes of women workers

Right eye	1	2	3	4	
Left eye					
1	1520	266	124	66	
2	234	1512	432	78	
3	117	362	1772	205	
4	36	82	179	492	

[5]

ii) Define survival function and write down interpretation of S(x). Also, state the properties of S(x). [5]



Total No. of Questions: 4]

P908

[5315]-605 T.Y. B.Sc. STATISTICS (Principal) (Paper - VI) ST - 346 (B): Statistical Ecology (2008 Pattern) (Elective - II)

Time : 2 Hours]						[Max. Marks: 40						
Inst				candidates:-								
	1)		questi									
	•	Fig.		allowed								
	<i>4)</i>		se of calculator and statistical table is <u>allowed.</u> In whols and abbreviations have their <u>usual</u> meaning.									
Q1)	Att	empt	each	of the following:								
	a)	Cho	ose t	he correct alternative	in each of	f the following: [1 each]						
		i)	An rate	-	characte	rized by a steadily growth						
			A)	increasing	B)	decreasing						
			C)	non - increasing	D)	non - decreasing						
		ii)		e growth of widely d curve.	ganisms can be described by a							
			A)	Sigmoid	B)	Logistic						
			C)	Gompertz	D)	Normal						
		iii)	In t	he study of rabbits wh	nich of the	e following model is used?						
			A)	Exponential	B)	Linear						
			C)	Logistic	D)	Leslie Matrix						
		iv) The population growth is zero if the intrinsic growth rate										
			A)	0	B)	1						
			C)	greater than 1	D)	less than 1						

- b) In each of the following, state whether the given statement is <u>true</u> or <u>false</u>: [1 each]
 - i) Number of species in a community is called species richness.
 - ii) In case of a single recapture, Peterson's estimator is also m.l.e. of the population size (N).
- c) Define <u>each</u> of the following:

[1 each]

- i) Gompertz curve
- ii) Stable population
- d) i) Explain the role of a Placebo in clinical trials.
 - ii) What is the role of FDA?

[1 each]

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

[5 each]

- a) Explain Mc Nemar's test for testing the hypothesis for symmetry of 2×2 contingency table with the help of an illustration.
- b) Write a note on parallel designs used in clinical trials.
- c) For a Gompertz model determine the maximum growth rate.

Q3) Attempt any two of the following:

[5 each]

- a) In Leslie matrix model state assumptions made, two kinds of parameters, model and its matrix representation.
- b) Explain the concept of point to individual nearest neighbour distance in Poisson forest.
- c) Explain the method of quadrant sampling to estimate the population density in a forest. Also discuss the scope and limitations of this method.

[5315]-605

Q4) Attempt any one of the following:

- a) i) For a Gompertz model determine the maximum growth rate.
 - ii) Discuss the states of equilibria in Gompertz growth model.

[5+5]

OR

- b) i) Describe the line transect method for estimating animal population in forest. What is rational behind using exponential detection function?
 - ii) Describe capture recapture method. Derive Peterson's estimator of population size (N) for single recapture in case of closed population.

[5+5]

