Total No. of Questions: 4] **SEAT No.:** P798 [Total No. of Pages: 2 [5315] - 392 T.Y. B.Sc. (Vocational) **ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE Electronic Instrumentation** (2013 Pattern) (Semester-III) (Paper-VI) (New) Time: 2 Hours] [Max. Marks: 40 Instructions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 3) **Q1)** a) Answer the following: $[4\times1=4]$ What is event sequence? i) What is LDR? ii) What do you mean by active sensor? iii) Give one example of null type instruments. b) Answer the following: $[2 \times 2 = 4]$ Classify- Mercury Thermometer. i) ii) Explain the term 'internal relay' c) Answer the following: $[2 \times 2 = 4]$ i) Why are null-type instruments more accurate than deflection-type? Define accuracy as % of true value. ii)

Q2) Answer the following - (any 2).

 $[2\times4=8]$

- a) Discuss commissioning of PLC system and testing its inputs and outputs.
- b) Explain the DSP with the help of block diagram.
- c) Discuss the advantages of digital transducers.

P.T.O.

Q3) Answer any 2:

 $[2 \times 4 = 8]$

- What is ladder diagram? Give the rungs for AND gate and OR gate. a)
- Explain optical encoder. b)
- Discuss relative and absolute motion devices. c)

Q4) Answer any 2:

 $[2 \times 6 = 12]$

- Discuss architecture of a PLC processor. a)
- Explain basic spectrum analyzer. b)
- Write a note on pneumatic load cell. c)

OR

Q4) Answer the following:

 $[3 \times 4 = 12]$

- R=100 Ω , L=10mH; f=1kHz. Evaluate the branch impedance in complex a) and polar form.
- Discuss logic analyzer. b)
- Explain the term distortion. c)





