

Total No. of Questions :10]

SEAT No. :

P2911

[4958]-1106

[Total No. of Pages :6

T.E. (IT)

SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING

(2012 Course) (Semester - II) (314450)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks :70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6,Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

Q1) a) For the following piece of assembly language code, show the contents of symbol table, literal table and pool table. Assume machines opcodes and size of instruction equal to one. **[6]**

```
START 100
A  DC 10
   MOVER AREG, B
   MOVEM BREG, = '1'
   ADD AREG, = '2'
   SUB BREG, = '1'
B  LTORG
   PRINT C
   MOVER CREG, LOOP
C  EQU B+10
   ORIGIN 10
   MOVEM AREG, = '1'
   END.
```

b) Explain absolute loader scheme. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this scheme? **[4]**

OR

P.T.O.

- Q2) a)** For the following assembly language program show MNT, MDT, ALA and the expanded assembly language program. **[8]**

```
MACRO
XYZ    &A
ST 1, &A
MEND

MACRO
MIT    &Z

MACRO
&Z &W
AR 4, &W
XYZ    ALL
MEND

ST &Z, ALL
MEND

PROG START
USING *, 15
MIT HELLO
ST 2,3
HELLO YALE
YALE EQU 5
ALL DC F '3'
END.
```

- b) List down the phases of a compiler. **[2]**

- Q3) a)** Give ESD, TXT and RLD cards for both PG1 and PG2 for the following assembly language program. **[6]**

Rel. Addr.		Source program
0	PG1	START ENTRY PG1ENT1, PG1ENT2 EXTRN PG2ENT1, PG2
20	ENT1	-----
30	PG1ENT2	-----
40		DC A(PG1ENT2)
44		DC A(PG1ENT1 +15)
48		DC A(PG1ENT2 - PG1ENT1 -3)
52		DC A(PG2)
56		DC A(PG2ENT1 + PG2 - PG1ENT1 +4) END
0	PG2	START ENTRY PG2ENT1 EXTRN PG1ENT1, PG1ENT2
16	PG2ENT1	----- -----
24		DC A(PG1ENT2)
28		DC A(PG1ENT1)
32		DC A(PG1ENT2 - PG1ENT1 -3) END

- b) Explain different parameter passing methods used in macroprocessors. **[4]**

OR

- Q4) a)** Convert the given Regular expression to its equivalent DFA. **[6]**

$(a.b)^* + (a+c)^*$

- b) Give the various data structures used in the lexical analysis phase of compilers. **[4]**

Q5) a) With a neat diagram explain the classification of parsers. [6]

b) Define table -driven predictive parser. For the following grammar [8]

$$S \rightarrow aSbs / bSaS / \epsilon$$

Construct table-driven predictive parser and parse the string “ab”.

c) Compare bottom up and top down parser. [4]

OR

Q6) a) Consider the following grammar [10]

$$S \rightarrow CC$$

$$C \rightarrow cC / d$$

Construct LALR parser and parse for the string “ccd”.

b) Explain YACC file structure. [4]

c) Compare LALR and CLR parsers. [4]

Q7) a) Construct parse tree, syntax tree and annotated parse tree for $3*5+4$. [6]

b) Explain type checking and its types. [6]

c) Generate three address code for [4]

while (a<b) do

{

x=y+z;

}

OR

Q8) a) For the following statement, Generate intermediate code in the format: **[8]**

i) Postfix notation

ii) Quadruple

iii) Parse tree

iv) Triple

Temp = limit*(max-min)+3*limit*(max+min).

b) Translate the following C fragment into the three address code **[8]**

begin

int add,i,j;

int a[10][10],b[10][10];

add=0;

i=1;

j=1;

do

begin

add=add+a[i,j]*b[i,j];

i++;

j++;

end;

while(i<=20 && j<=20);

end;

- Q9)** a) Discuss code generation issues. [4]
b) Discuss with suitable example machine dependent code optimization. [8]
c) Write a short note on activation record. [4]

OR

- Q10)** a) Explain following machine independent optimization techniques: [8]
i) Loop invariation.
ii) Common sub-expression elimination.
iii) Dead code elimination.
iv) Strength reduction.
- b) Compare machine dependent and independent optimization. [4]
c) Explain different storage allocation strategies. [4]

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