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S.E. (Civil) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, 2014

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III

(2008 PATTERN)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

N.B. :— (i) Answer from Section I Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6.

From Section II Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8, Q. No. 9 or Q. No. 10, Q. No. 11 or Q. No. 12.

(ii) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.

(iii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

(iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(v) Use of non-programmable electronic pocket calculator is allowed.

(vi) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION I

1. (a) Solve the following (any three) : [12]

(i) $(D^2 + 3D + 2) y = e^{e^x}$

P.T.O.

(ii) $(D^2 + 6D + 9) y = 5^x - \log 2$

(iii) $(D^2 + 1) y = \cot x$ (By variation of parameters)

(iv) $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = x^2 \sin(\log x)$.

(b) Solve : [5]

$$\frac{dx}{y} = \frac{dy}{-x} = \frac{dz}{xe^{x^2+y^2}}.$$

Or

2. (a) Solve the following (any three) : [12]

(i) $(D^2 - 4D + 4) y = e^{2x} \sin 3x$

(ii) $(D^2 + 6D + 9) y = e^{-3x} (x^3 + \sin 3x)$

(iii) $(D^2 - 1) y = x \cos 3x$

(iv) $(2x + 3)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + (2x + 3) \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 24x^2$

(b) Solve the simultaneous equations : [5]

$$\frac{dx}{dt} - wy = a \cos pt, \text{ and}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + wx = a \sin pt.$$

3. (a) Solve :

[8]

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = C^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2},$$

if

(i) u is finite; $\forall t$

(ii) $u(0, t) = 0; \forall t$

(iii) $u(L, t) = 0; \forall t$

(iv) $u(x, 0) = u_0; 0 \leq x \leq L$

where, L being a length of a bar.

(b) The whirling speed of a shaft of length l is given by :

$$\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} - m^4 y = 0,$$

where

$$m^4 = \frac{Ww^2}{EIg}$$

and y is the displacement at distance x from one end. If both the ends of the shaft are short bearing, show that shaft will whirl when $\sin ml = 0$. [8]

Or

4. (a) Weight of 1 N stretches a spring 5 cm, a weight of 3 N is attached to the spring and weight W is pulled to 10 cm below the equilibrium position and released. Determine the position and velocity. [8]

- (b) A string is stretched and fastened to two points L apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form :

$$u = a \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)$$

from which it is released at time $t = 0$. Find the displacement $u(x, t)$ from one end. [8]

5. (a) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss elimination method : [9]

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 18$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 + 9x_3 = 16.$$

(b) Use Runge-Kutta method of fourth order to solve : [8]

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x+y}, y(0) = 1,$$

to find y at $x = 0.1$, taking $h = 0.1$.

Or

6. (a) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Seidel iteration method : [9]

$$20x + y - 2z = 17$$

$$3x + 20y - z = -18$$

$$2x + 3y + 20z = 25.$$

(b) Solve the equation :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y, y(0) = 1$$

to find y at $x = 0.1$, using Euler's modified method taking

$h = 0.05$. [8]

SECTION II

7. (a) Find the first four moments about mean if the moments about working mean 44.5 of a distribution are -0.4 , 2.99 , -0.08 and 27.63 . Also calculate β_1 and β_2 . [6]

(b) Find the correlation co-efficient for the data : [6]

x_1	y_1
10	18
14	12
18	24
22	6
26	30
30	36

(c) In a male population of 1000, the mean height is 68.16 inches and standard deviation is 3.2 inches. How many men will be expected to be more than 6 feet (72 inches) ?

Given : $A(z = 1.2) = 0.3849$. [5]

Or

8. (a) The scores obtained by two batsmen A and B in 10 matches are given below. Determine who is more consistent and who

is better run getter.

[7]

Batsman A	Batsman B
30	34
44	46
66	70
62	38
60	55
34	48
80	60
46	34
20	45
38	30

- (b) Assume that, the probability of an individual coal miner being killed in a mine accident during a year is $\frac{1}{2400}$. Calculate the probability that in mine employing 200 miners, there will be at least one will be killed by accident in a year. [5]
- (c) A dice is thrown 6 times. If “getting an odd number” is a “success”, what is the probability of ?
- (i) 5 success
- (ii) At least 5 success. [5]

9. (a) If

$$\bar{r} \cdot \frac{d\bar{r}}{dt} = 0$$

then show \bar{r} have constant magnitude. [5]

(b) Find directional derivative of :

$$\phi = x^2y^2 + y^2z^2 + z^2x^2 \text{ at } (1, 1, -2)$$

in the direction of tangent to the curve

$$x = e^t; y = 2\sin t - 1; z = t - \cos t \text{ at } t = 0. [6]$$

(c) Find the value of m if

$$\bar{F} = (x + 2y)\hat{i} + (my + 4z)\hat{j} + (5z + 6x)\hat{k}$$

is solenoidal. [5]

Or

10. (a) Prove the following identities (any two) : [8]

$$(i) \quad \nabla^4(r^2 \log r) = \frac{6}{r^2}$$

$$(ii) \quad \nabla \cdot \left(\frac{\bar{a} \times \bar{r}}{r^n} \right) = 0$$

$$(iii) \quad \nabla^2 f(r) = f''(r) + \frac{2}{r} f'(r).$$

(b) Find constants a, b, c so that :

$$\bar{F} = (x + 2y + az)\hat{i} + (bx - 3y - z)\hat{j} + (4x + cy + 2z)\hat{k}$$

is irrotational. [4]

- (c) Find the values of a , b , c so that the directional derivative of :

$$\phi = axy^2 + byz + cz^2x^2$$

at $(2, 1, 1)$ has a maximum magnitude 12 in the direction parallel to x -axis. [4]

11. (a) If

$$\bar{F} = (3x^2 + 6y)\hat{i} - 14yz\hat{j} + 20xz^2\hat{k}$$

then find work done of \bar{F} from $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(1, 1, 1)$ along the path C : [5]

$$x = t; y = t^2; z = t^3.$$

- (b) By using Stokes' theorem, evaluate :

$$\iint_S \nabla \times \bar{F} \cdot d\bar{s}$$

where,

$$\bar{F} = (2y + x)\hat{i} + (x - y)\hat{j} + (z - x)\hat{k}$$

and S is the surface of the region bounded by

$$x = 0, y = 0 \text{ and } x + y + z = 1$$

which is not included in xoy plane. [6]

(c) Use Divergence theorem, evaluate :

$$\iiint \bar{\mathbf{F}} \cdot d\bar{\mathbf{s}},$$

where

$$\bar{\mathbf{F}} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k} \text{ and}$$

$$d\bar{\mathbf{s}} = dy dz \hat{i} + dz dx \hat{j} + dx dy \hat{k},$$

over the surface of sphere of radius a . [6]

Or

12. (a) Using Green's theorem, evaluate :

$$\int_C (xy - x^2) dx + x^2 dy$$

along the curve C formed by : [6]

$$y = 0, x = 1, y = x.$$

(b) Evaluate :

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \bar{\mathbf{F}}) \cdot \hat{n} ds$$

where

$$\bar{\mathbf{F}} = (x - y)\hat{i} + (x^2 + yz)\hat{j} - 3xy^2\hat{k}$$

and S is surface of cone

$$z = 4 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

above xoy plane. [6]

(c) Show that :

$$u = 3x + 2y;$$

$$v = 2x - 3y;$$

$$w = 0$$

are the velocity components of possible fluid motion.

Determine whether flow is irrotational. [5]