

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P1730**[5058]-363**

[Total No. of Pages : 3

T.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication)
ELECTROMAGNETICS AND TRANSMISSION LINES
(2012 Course) (Semester-I)

*Time : 2½ Hours]**[Max. Marks : 70**Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6, Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8.*
- 2) *Figure to right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Neat diagram must be drawn wherever required.*
- 4) *Use electronic pocket calculator and smith chart is allowed.*
- 5) *Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

- Q1)** a) Derive expression for flux density for an infinite line charge using Gauss law. [6]
- b) Derive relation between \bar{E} and V. Also state significance of potential gradient. [8]
- c) State & explain stokes theorem. [6]

OR

- Q2)** a) A point charge of 2nC is located at (4, -1, -3) & a uniform line charge of -25nC/m lies along the intersection of planes X = -4 & Z = 6 calculate \bar{D} and \bar{E} at (3, 1, 0). [8]
- b) Derive boundary condition for perfect dielectric media. [8]
- c) In the region $0 < r < 0.5\text{m}$ in cylindrical coordinates, the current density is $\bar{J} = 4.5e^{-2r} a_z \left(\frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}^2} \right)$ and $J = 0$ elsewhere. Use Ampere's law to find \bar{H} . [4]

P.T.O.

Q3) a) What is pointing vector? What is its significance? Derive the expression for average pointing vector. [8]

b) In free space $\bar{E} = 20 \cos(\omega t - 50x) \bar{a}_y$ V/m determine: [8]

i) I_d ii) H

iii) W

OR

Q4) a) Write Maxwell's equation on the basis of Ampere's circuit law in integral as well as differential form and modify the above equation for sinusoidal time varying field in free space. [8]

b) A boundary condition exists at $Z = 0$ between two dielectrics $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.5$ region $Z < 0$ & $\epsilon_{r2} = 4$ in the region $Z > 0$. The field in the region of ϵ_{r1}

is $\bar{E} = -30\bar{a}_x + 50\bar{a}_y + 70\bar{a}_z \frac{V}{m}$ [8]

Find:

- i) Normal component of E_1 .
- ii) Tangential component of E_1 .
- iii) Angle α_1 between E_1 & normal to surface.
- iv) Normal component of D_2 .
- v) Tangential component of D_2 .
- vi) Angle α_2 between D_2 & normal to surface.

Q5) a) Define various parameters of transmission line. [6]

b) What are the different types of distortion? Derive the condition for Inductance loading on Telephone cable. [10]

OR

Q6) a) Derive the equation for voltage & current of general solution of transmission line. [10]

b) Prove that $Z_0 = \sqrt{Z_{oc} Z_{sc}}$. [6]

- Q7) a)** Derive expression for characteristic impedance, propagation constant and velocity of propagation for distortion less line. [8]
- b) A transmission line with characteristics impedance of $692\angle -12^\circ \Omega$ is terminated in 200Ω resistor. Determine reflection coefficient & SWR. [10]

OR

- Q8) a)** What do you mean by single stub matching on a line and derive the equation of single stub along the line. [8]
- b) In lossless 100Ω transmission line is terminated in an impedance $50 + j60 \Omega$. Calculate VSWR, reflection coefficient, impedance of 0.35λ from the load using smith chart. [10]



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